

The following are important documentation tips and strategies for ICD-10 compliance:

ICD-9 Code and Name	ICD-10 Code(s) from GEMS	ICD-10 Documentation Tips
789.00 - Abdominal pain, unspecified site	R10.9 - Unspecified abdominal pain	 State symptoms such as abdominal pain, tenderness, rigidity, swelling, masses, and lumps. Identify the region or quadrant of the abdomen where the symptom resides (e.g., right upper quadrant, left lower quadrant, left lower quadrant, epigastric, periumbilical, generalized, etc.). Specify the phase of swallowing affected by dysphasia (e.g., oral, oropharyngeal, pharyngeal, pharyngoesophageal, etc.). Detail other dysphagias (e.g., neurogenic). Provide the underlying cause of ascites (e.g., malignancy, alcoholic cirrhosis, alcoholic hepatitis, chronic active hepatitis in toxic liver disease, etc.).
466.0 - Acute bronchitis	J20.9 - Acute bronchitis, unspecified	 Specify the acuity of the disease (i.e., acute, subacute, or chronic). Include the causative organism (e.g., Mycoplasma pneumoniae, streptococcus, rhinovirus, etc) and any other disease process associated with the bronchitis (e.g., chronic obstructive asthma, bronchitis due to allergies, bronchitis due to fumes). Delineate when both acute and chronic bronchitis are present. List any related tobacco use, abuse, dependence, or exposure (e.g., second hand, occupational, etc.).
462 - Acute pharyngitis	J02.9 - Acute pharyngitis, unspecified	•Identify and link any associated manifestations such as: laryngitis, pleural effusion, pneumonia, lung abscess, encephalopathy, myocarditis, otitis media. •Identify the causal organism (e.g., avian influenza, H1N1 influenza).
465.9 - Acute upper respiratory infections of unspecified site	J06.9 - Acute upper respiratory infection, unspecified	 Specify the acuity (e.g., acute or chronic). Specify the site (e.g., frontal sinusitis). List the specific cause (e.g., pneumonia due to Streptococcus pneumoniae). Detail any related secondary disease process (e.g., pneumonia with respiratory failure). Report lung disease due to external agents (e.g., pneumonia due to chemicals, gases, fumes, or vapor).
427.31 - Atrial fibrillation	I48.91 - Unspecified atrial fibrillation	•Specify the type of arrhythmia, such as: paroxysmal, persistent, chronic, typical, atypical. •Specify the arrhythmia is complicating abortion, molar pregnancy or obstetric surgery/procedure.
401.1 - Benign essential hypertension	I10 - Essential (primary) hypertension	•Include type (e.g., essential, secondary, etc.). •Include causal relationship (e.g., renal, pulmonary, etc.).
V57.1 - Care involving other physical therapy	Z51.89 - Encounter for other specified aftercare	•Treatment for sequelae, or residual conditions, must be identified and supported by documentation or clinical indicators, as appropriate.



ICD-9 Code and Name	ICD-10 Code(s) from GEMS	ICD-10 Documentation Tips
786.50 - Chest pain, unspecified	R07.9 - Chest pain, unspecified	 Detail the underlying cause of any questionable signs or symptoms. Report the presence of hypoxemia and hypercapnia. Clarify any abnormalities originating in the perinatal period.
414.01 - Coronary atherosclerosis of native coronary artery	I25.10 - Atherosclerotic heart disease of native coronary artery without angina pectoris	 •Identify any current tobacco use, tobacco dependence, history of tobacco use or exposure to environmental or occupational tobacco smoke. •Identify the vessel(s) containing atherosclerosis (e.g., native arteries, coronary artery bypass graft(s), coronary arteries of transplanted heart, etc.). •Detail when any form of angina is or is not present (e.g., angina pectoris, unstable angina, spasm, etc.). •Specify when the cause is a lipid rich plaque. •Coronary artery bypass grafts must be specified by type, such as: autologous vein, autologous artery, nonautologous biological, native coronary artery of transplanted heart.
496 - Chronic airway obstruction, not elsewhere classified	J44.9 - Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, unspecified	 COPD classification includes chronic obstructive bronchitis, chronic bronchitis with airway obstruction, chronic bronchitis with emphysema, and chronic obstructive tracheobronchitis. Specify any acute exacerbations. Detail any acute lower respiratory infections and include the infectious agent. Delineate COPD from asthmatic conditions (e.g., mild intermittent asthma, severe persistent cough variant asthma, etc.).
110.1 - Dermatophytosis of nail	B35.1 - Tinea unguium	•Identify type: Tinea barbae and tinea capitis (beard ringworm, scalp ringworm) Tinea ungulum (onychomycosis) Tinea manuum (hand ringworm) Tinea pedis (athletes foot) Tinea corporis (ringworm of body) Tinea imbricata (Tokelau) Tinea cruris (Jock itch) Other



ICD-9 Code and Name	ICD-10 Code(s) from GEMS	ICD-10 Documentation Tips
250.80 - Diabetes with other	E11.618 - Type 2 diabetes	•Identify the type of diabetes.
specified manifestations, type II	mellitus with other diabetic	•State if hypoglycemia is or is not causing a coma.
or unspecified type, not stated as	arthropathy	•Clarify any cause and effect relationship between diabetes and other conditions (e.g.,
uncontrolled	E11.620 - Type 2 diabetes	diabetic peripheral vascular disease).
	mellitus with diabetic	•Specify long-term use of insulin.
	dermatitis	•Differentiate when diabetes is accompanied by hyperglycemia or hypoglycemia.
	E11.621 - Type 2 diabetes	
	mellitus with foot ulcer	
	E11.622 - Type 2 diabetes	
	mellitus with other skin	
	ulcer	
	E11.628 - Type 2 diabetes	
	mellitus with other skin	
	complications	
	E11.630 - Type 2 diabetes	
	mellitus with periodontal	
	disease	
	E11.638 - Type 2 diabetes	
	mellitus with other oral	
	complications	
	E11.649- Type 2 diabetes	
	mellitus with hypoglycemia	
	without coma	
	E11.65 - Type 2 diabetes	
	mellitus with hyperglycemia	
	E11.69 - Type 2 diabetes	
	mellitus with other specified	
	complication	
250.00 - Diabetes mellitus	E11.9 - Type 2 diabetes	•Identify the type of diabetes.
without mention of complication,	mellitus without	•State if hypoglycemia is or is not causing a coma.
type II or unspecified type, not	complications	•Clarify any cause and effect relationship between diabetes and other conditions (e.g.,
stated as uncontrolled		diabetic peripheral vascular disease).
		•Specify long-term use of insulin.
		•Differentiate when diabetes is accompanied by hyperglycemia or hypoglycemia.



ICD-9 Code and Name	ICD-10 Code(s) from GEMS	ICD-10 Documentation Tips
V58.11 - Encounter for	Z51.11 - Encounter for	•Reason for encounter should be documented: i.e., for consult or initial evaluation, to
antineoplastic chemotherapy	antineoplastic	undergo testing or receive test results, to receive chemotherapy or radiation therapy,
	chemotherapy	because of complications of the cancer or the treatment.
V58.83 - Encounter for	Z51.81 - Encounter for	•Used in conjunction with Z79 - Long term (current) drug therapy.
therapeutic drug monitoring	therapeutic drug level	
	monitoring	
362.52 - Exudative senile macular	H35.32 - Exudative age-	•Identify the stage of premature retinopathy (e.g., stages 1 through 5).
degeneration	related macular	•Specify the laterality.
	degeneration	
V72.62 - Laboratory examination	Z00.00 - Encounter for	•If the encounter is being coded before test results are back, it is acceptable to assign the
ordered as part of a routine	general adult medical	code for normal findings.
general medical examination	examination without	
	abnormal findings	
/58.61 - Long-term (current) use	Z79.01 - Long term (current)	•No documentation changes needed in ICD-10
of anticoagulants	use of anticoagulants	
724.2 - Lumbago	M54.5 - Low back pain	•Specify the site (e.g., low back, thoracic, cervical, etc.).
3	·	•State the laterality when applicable (i.e., right, left, or bilateral).
		•Identify the underlying cause of the pain.
		•Differentiate between panniculits and radiculopathy.
		Detail when lumbago is accompanied by sciatica.
174.9 - Malignant neoplasm of	C50.919 - Malignant	•Specify site of breast (nipple, areola, quadrant, central)
breast (female), unspecified	neoplasm of unspecified site	•Identify laterality
	of unspecified female breast	
V04.81 - Need for prophylactic	Z23 - Encounter for	•The procedure code (the vaccine product) identifies the type(s) of immunizations given.
vaccination and inoculation	immunization	
against influenza		
327.23 - Obstructive sleep apnea	G47.33 - Obstructive sleep	•Specify the type (e.g., insomnia, hypersomnia, circadian rhythm sleep disorders, sleep
(adult)(pediatric)	apnea (adult) (pediatric)	apnea, narcolepsy, parasomnia, etc.).
		 List other underlying or related conditions (e.g., nightmares, sleepwalking). Detail any contribution alcohol or drug use has on the condition.
		L ▼Detail any contribution alconol or drug use has on the condition.



ICD-9 Code and Name	ICD-10 Code(s) from GEMS	ICD-10 Documentation Tips
272.4 - Other and unspecified hyperlipidemia	E78.5 - Hyperlipidemia, unspecified	•Specify the type as being: Group A - pure hypercholesterolemia. Group B - pure hyperglyceridemia. Group C - mixed hyperlipidemia. Group D - hyperchylomicronemia. Familial combined hyperlipidemia.
V76.12 - Other screening mammogram	Z12.31 - Encounter for screening mammogram for malignant neoplasm of breast	•Code used to place patients in denominator for CMS quality measure #146 (NQF 0508): Radiology: Inappropriate use of "Probably Benign" Assessment Category in Screening Mammograms - National Quality Strategy Domain - Efficiency and Cost Reduction.
719.41 - Pain in joint, shoulder region	M25.519 - Pain in unspecified shoulder	 Specify the site State the laterality when applicable (i.e., right, left, or bilateral). Identify the underlying cause of the pain. Detail when paralysis or burns accompany the calcification and ossification of muscles. Provide information regarding any rupture, non-traumatic ischemic, infarction, wasting, or contracture of a muscle. Indicate any underlying disease.
729.5 - Pain in limb	M79.609 - Pain in unspecified limb	 Specify the location (e.g., shoulder, upper arm, forearm, hand, fingers, thigh, ankle, etc.). State the laterality (i.e., right, left, or bilateral) Detail when paralysis or burns accompany the calcification and ossification of muscles. Provide information regarding any rupture, non-traumatic ischemic, infarction, wasting, or contracture of a muscle. Indicate any underlying disease.



ICD-9 Code and Name	ICD-10 Code(s) from GEMS	ICD-10 Documentation Tips
714.0 - Rheumatoid arthritis	M06.9 - Rheumatoid	•Identify the site(s) affected and the laterality (e.g., right elbow, left shoulder, right ankle and
	arthritis, unspecified	foot, etc.).
		•Specify as <u>with</u> or <u>without</u> rheumatoid factor.
		•Further specification include:
		Felty's syndrome.
		Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis.
		Rheumatoid vasculitis with rheumatoid arthritis.
		Rheumatoid heart disease with rheumatoid arthritis.
		Rheumatoid myopathy with rheumatoid arthritis.
		Rheumatoid polyneuropathy with rheumatoid arthritis.
		Rheumatoid arthritis with involvement of other organs and systems.
		Rheumatoid arthritis <u>without</u> involvement of other organs or systems.
V20.2 - Routine infant or child	Z00.129 - Encounter for	•If the encounter is being coded before test results are back, it is acceptable to assign the
health check	routine child health	code for normal findings.
	examination without	
	abnormal findings	
V70.0 - Routine general medical	Z00.00 - Encounter for	•If the encounter is being coded before test results are back, it is acceptable to assign the
examination at a health care	general adult medical	code for normal findings.
facility	examination without	
	abnormal findings	
427.81 - Sinoatrial node	R00.1 - Bradycardia,	•Specify the underlying cause of any sign or symptom.
dysfunction	unspecified	•Specify arrhythmias.
•		•Identify abnormalities originating in the perinatal period.
		•Clarify the type of chest pain (e.g., chest pain on breathing, precordial pain, pleurodynia,
		intercostal pain, chest wall pain).



ICD-9 Code and Name	ICD-10 Code(s) from GEMS	ICD-10 Documentation Tips
V22.1 - Supervision of other	Z34.80 Encounter for	•Trimesters are counted from the first day of the last menstrual period and, according to
normal pregnancy	supervision of other normal	ICD-10-CM, are defined as:
	pregnancy, unspecified	First trimester – less than 14 weeks, 0 days
	trimester	Second trimester – 14 weeks, 0 days to 28 weeks, 0 days
	Z34.81 Encounter for	Third trimester – 28 weeks, 0 days until delivery
	supervision of other normal	•A code from category Z34 should be assigned as the first-listed diagnosis for routine
	pregnancy, first trimester	obstetric care. Code Z34.00 should not be used after a due date has been determined, but
	Z34.82 Encounter for	can be used when there are unknown dates. These women are usually scheduled for an
	supervision of other normal	ultrasound to determine gestational age.
	pregnancy, second trimester	
	Z34.83 Encounter for	
	supervision of other normal	
	pregnancy, third trimester	
	Z34.90 - Encounter for	
	supervision of normal	
	pregnancy, unspecified,	
	unspecified trimester	
	Z34.91 Encounter for	
	supervision of normal	
	pregnancy, unspecified, first	
	trimester	
	Z34.92 Encounter for	
	supervision of normal	
	pregnancy, unspecified,	
	second trimester	
	Z34.93 Encounter for	
	supervision of normal	
	pregnancy, unspecified,	
	third trimester	
244.9 - Unspecified acquired	E03.9 - Hypothyroidism,	•Identify the type of hypothyroidism, (e.g., congenital with or without goiter, hypothyroidism
hypothyroidism	unspecified	due to medications or other agents, postinfectious, acquired thyroid atrophy, myxedema
		coma or unspecified hypothyroidism).
401.9 - Unspecified essential	I10 - Essential (primary)	•Include type (e.g., essential, secondary, etc.).
hypertension	hypertension	•Include causal relationship (e.g., renal, pulmonary, etc.).



ICD-9 Code and Name	ICD-10 Code(s) from GEMS	ICD-10 Documentation Tips
599.0 - Urinary tract infection, site not specified	N39.0 - Urinary tract infection, site not specified	 Detail the site and infectious agent. Identify pyelonephritis as being acute, chronic, obstructive and reflux uropathy, or drug and heavy metal induced. Indicate when hydonephrosis is accomplished by a ureteral stricture, calculus obstruction, reflux nephropathy, or hydroureter. List any urethritis. Provide evidence of any hematuria.

References:

Precyse University Virtual Code Book